

Fuel True Independent Energy & Convenience

February 9, 2023





EV Charging Terminology

Charge Up Kansas NEVI Plan

- Funding Details
- Existing Infrastructure
- Priority Target Areas
- Workforce Development

Other EV Charger Funding

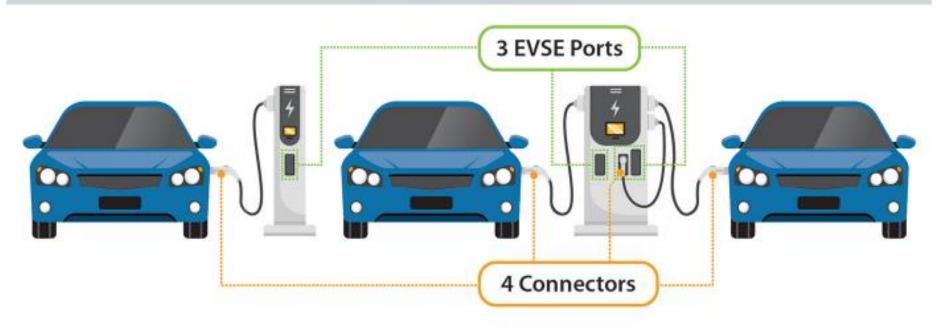
Developing EV Charging

- Why is it needed?
- Next steps

Helpful Resources

Charging Infrastructure Terminology

1 Station Location



Station Location: A station location is a site with one or more EVSE ports at the same address.

EVSE Port: An EVSE port provides power to charge one vehicle at a time even though it may have multiple connectors.

Connector (aka Plug): A connector is what is plugged into a vehicle to charge it. Multiple connectors and connector types (such as CHAdeMO and CCS) can be available on one EVSE port, but only one vehicle will charge at a time.

From Alternative Fuels Data Center https://afdc.energy.gov/fuels/electricity_infrastructure.html



Charging Infrastructure Terminology

Level 1 Charging

Approximately 5 miles of range per 1 hour of charging*



J1772 connector

*Assumes 1.9 kW charging power

- Common for home charging (over 80% of charging is at home)
- Standard 3-prong 120 V outlet
- Almost all EVs come with Level 1 cordset for charging
- Less than 2% of public charging is Level 1

Level 2 Charging

Approximately 25 miles of range per 1 hour of charging[†]



J1772 connector

Tesla connector

*Assumes 6.6kW charging power

- Home, workplace, business fleet and community public charging
- 240 V
- Similar to an electric stove or clothes dryer
- 6.6kW 19.2kW charging power
- Over 80% of public charging ports are Level 2

DC Fast Charging

Approximately 100 to 200+ miles of range per 30 minutes of charging[‡]





CCS CHAdeMO Tesla connector connector connector

- Highway charging for travel, some public community charging
- Typically, 3-phase AC input
- 50kW 350kW or more
- Over 15% of public charging ports are DCFC
- NEVI corridor charging

From Alternative Fuels Data Center https://afdc.energy.gov/fuels/electricity_infrastructure.html



NEVI Formula Funds

- \$39.5M allocated to Kansas over 5 years to fund EV infrastructure
- Initial funding limited to designated EV corridors
- Corridors must be 'fully built out' before funding can be used in other areas
- Corridor charging requires 4 150kW CCS ports every 50 miles, within 1 mile of the corridor
- The <u>Charge Up Kansas NEVI Plan</u> was approved on September 14, 2022

From the National Electric Vehicle Infrastructure (NEVI) Formula Program Guidance released February 10, 2022, available at <u>https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/alternative_fuel_corridors/nominations/9</u> <u>Od_nevi_formula_program_guidance.pdf</u>





NEVI Plan

- The NEVI plan is NOT a comprehensive transportation electrification plan
- The NEVI plan IS a program implementation plan to guide EV plan development
- Annual updates are required to access the next year of funding
- Updates will allow adjustments to the plan as needs and priorities change



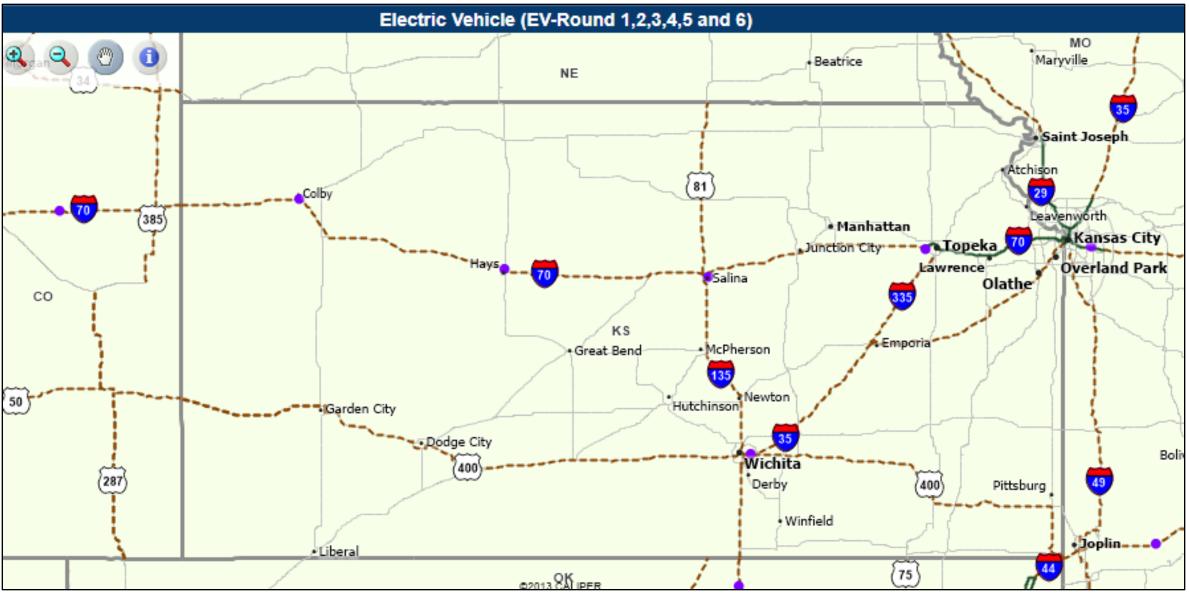


NEVI Plan

- Plan approval gives access to \$14.2M in funding for 2022 - 2023
- February 2023 Request for Interest
- Spring 2023 Request for Projects
- Plan update due in 2023 to access 2024 funding
- Estimated \$8.4M per year for 2024 2026
- The Justice40 Initiative requires 40% of funding benefit disadvantaged communities
- Requires 20% local cost match

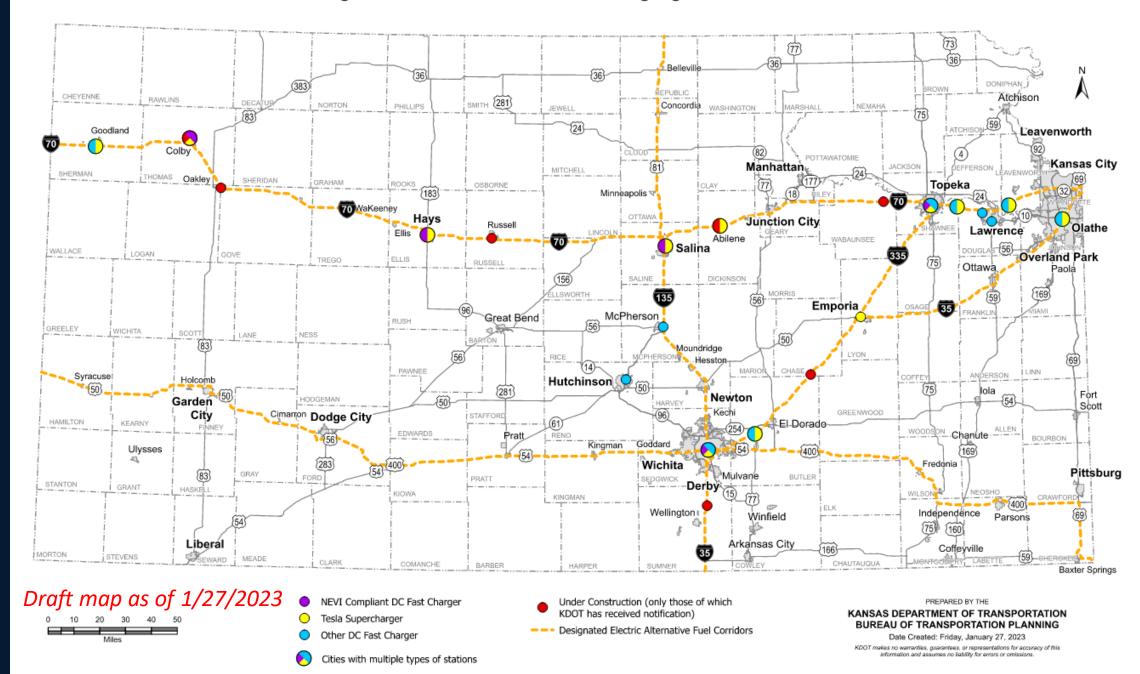


Designated EV Corridors in Kansas Green solid lines are Ready EV corridors. Brown dashed lines are Pending EV corridors. Purple dots are NEVI compliant DCFC locations.



www.fhwa.dot.gov/environment/alternative_fuel_corridors/

Existing and Planned DC Fast Charging EV Infrastructure

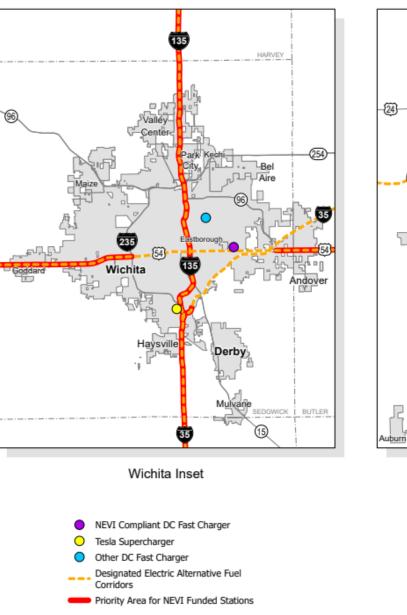


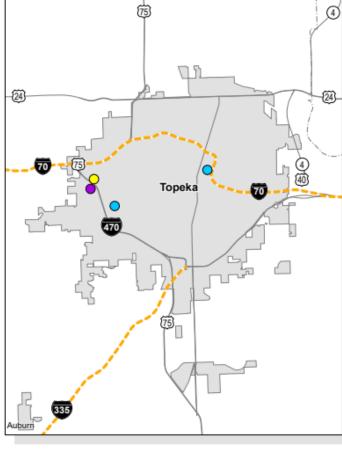
NEVI Program Priority Areas for EV Charging



methods, and be publicly available 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.

Existing and Planned DC Fast Charging EV Infrastructure

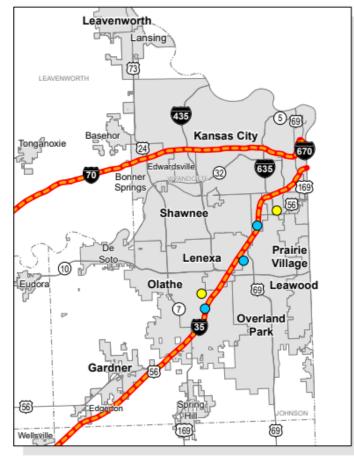




Topeka Inset



Draft maps as of 1/23/2023



Kansas City Inset





Additional EV Funding in BIL (Bipartisan Infrastructure Law)

- Discretionary / Competitive Grant Funding
- Carbon Reduction Program
- Clean School Bus Funding
- Other
 - Fleet transition Transit
 - Site build-out
 - Grid accommodations
 - Workforce development





	FY 2022 ¹ AMOUNT	<u>I</u> -	.***	e	<i>d</i> a	بالج 12	
FORMULA PROGRAMS							
National Highway Performance Program (NHPP)	\$28.4 B ²	<u>L</u>	. * *				
Surface Transportation Block Grant Program (STBG)	\$12.5 B ^{2,3}	<u>I</u>			<i>1</i> 969,	R	
Congestion Mitigation & Air Quality Improvement Program (CMAQ)	\$2.5 B ²	<u>i</u> ,		s.		F	
National Highway Freight Program (NHFP)	\$1.4 B ^a				1993	R	
State Planning and Research (SPR)	\$983.3 M ⁴				and the second s		
Metropolitan Planning (PL)	\$438.1 M ²				£6		
Carbon Reduction Program	\$1.2 B ^{2,0}	<u> </u>			A.	F	
National Electric Vehicle (NEVI) Formula Program	\$685 M ^{2,8,6}	<u>I</u>			Æ6		
DISCRETIONARY PROGRAMS							
Rebuilding American Infrastructure with Sustainability and Equity (RAISE) (formerly known as BUILD)	\$1.5 B	1			A.		
Infrastructure for Rebuilding America (INFRA) Grant Program	\$1.64847	<u>1</u>			din.	F	
Advanced Transportation and Technologies and Innovative Mobility Deployment	\$60 M ²	10					R
Discretionary Grant Program for Charging and Fueling Infrastructure	\$300 M ^{2,8}	<u>1</u>	. *		<u>AB</u>	F	
Rural Surface Transportation Grant Program	\$300 M ^{2,3}	1			<i>d</i> h	F	
Reduction of Truck Emissions at Port Facilities Program	\$80 M ^{a,a,7}	<u>I</u>		s.		F	
OTHER ALLOCATED PROGRAMS							
Federal Lands and Tribal Transportation Program (FLTTP)	\$1.3 B ^{2,8}	1		æ.	øb.	F	
Puerto Rico Highway Program (PRHP)	\$173 M ²	<u>I</u>			AB.		
Territorial Highway Program (THP)	\$46 M²	<u>I</u>			AB.		
INNOVATIVE FINANCE PROGRAMS							
State Infrastructure Banks (SIBs)	Varies	<u>I</u>		s.	<i>1</i> 90	F	
Transportation Infrastructure Financing and Innovation Act (TIFIA)	\$250 M ^a	<u>I</u> .			els.		

DOT Funding and Financing Programs with EV Eligibilities

Funding opportunities can also be found at <u>cityrenewables.org/ffold</u> and <u>kshub.org</u>





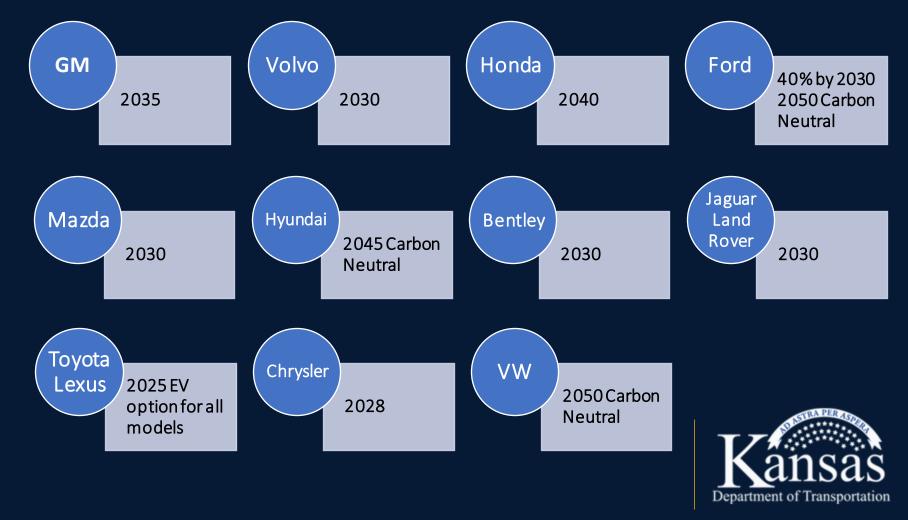
Charge Up Kansas NEVI Plan Workforce Development

- The <u>proposed federal rules</u> require electricians be trained under the Electric Vehicle Infrastructure Training Program (EVITP)
- KDOT will support EVITP or other EVSE specific certification as required for NEVI funded projects
- Work with industry on workforce training opportunities, including EVITP
- Details on EVITP certification: <u>https://evitp.org/</u>





EV Commitments from Vehicle Manufacturers



Interested in EV Charging? Next Steps

- Work with your electric utility
 - Verify adequate power availability
 - Discuss any necessary utility upgrades
 - Identify rate structure
- Research equipment and network options
 - Charger power levels
 - Network connectivity needs
- Consider location options for charging equipment
 - Parking for EVs which require a longer fueling time
 - Proximity to electric power





Additional Resources (with links)

- <u>Alternative Fuels Data Center</u> Locate stations, general EV info, EV infrastructure planning tool
- Metropolitan Energy Center (MEC) Electrify Kansas, Central Kansas & Kansas City Clean Cities Coalitions
- Proposed Rulemaking: Minimum Standards and Requirements
 for EV Chargers
- NEVI Program Guidance and Frequently Asked Questions
- Proposed Waiver of Buy America Requirements for Electric
 Vehicle Chargers
- Joint Office of Energy and Transportation
- <u>Kansas Office of Rural Prosperity</u>
- <u>Kansas Infrastructure Hub</u>
- <u>Charging Forward: Rural EV Toolkit</u>





Thank you

Matthew Messina, Chief Bureau of Multimodal Transportation <u>matthew.messina@ks.gov</u> - (785) 296-7448

Tami Alexander, Transportation Electrification Manager <u>tami.alexander@ks.gov</u> - (785) 217-7985

Charge Up Kansas ChargeUpKS@ks.gov www.ksdotike.org/charge-up-kansas Twitter: @ChargeUpKS Facebook: Charge Up Kansas

